Compounds for derivatization formula, CAS #, purity, amount, type of packaging, price in US \$	Structure	$\delta^2$ H (or $\delta$ D) (mean value in ‰ vs. VSMOW, ± 1 $\sigma$ ) (range) (# of measurements)	$\delta^{13}$ <b>C</b> (mean value in ‰ vs. VPDB, $\pm 1\sigma$ ) (range) (# of measurements)
<b>Acetic anhydride</b> , C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , CAS # 108- 24-7, 99.5 %, ca. 1 mL sealed under argon in glass ampoule, US \$250.	بُرُ	<b>-133.2</b> ± 2.1 ‰ from -131.5 to -136.0 ‰ n = 4	<b>-20.98</b> ± 0.03 ‰ from -20.94 to -21.01 ‰ n = 4
<b>Methanol</b> , CH <sub>3</sub> OH, 99.8 %, anhydrous, CAS # 67-56-1, the $\delta^2$ H values characterize: (1) bulk hydrogen; (2) methyl hydrogen (calculated after subtracting the OH-hydrogen that was liberated in reactions between MeOH and Na metal). $\delta^{13}$ C was determined in bulk methanol. 5 mL sealed in glass ampoule, US \$250.	H H—C—OH H	bulk methanol: -112.6 ± 0.8 % from -111.8 to -113.5 % n = 3 methyl hydrogen: -141 ± 3 % from -138 to -143 % n = 3	-46.77 ± 0.04 ‰ from -46.74 to -46.82 ‰ n = 3
Phthalic acid #2, $C_8H_6O_4$ , CAS # 88-99-3, $\delta^2H$ measured in Na-phthalate to exclude carboxyl hydrogen. $\delta^{13}C$ measured in free acid. 3 g in glass vial, US \$250	HOOOH	-81.9 ± 1.2 ‰ from -81.8 to -83.0 ‰ n = 4	-29.98 ± 0.01 ‰ from -29.96 to -29.99 ‰ n = 3